

Tabla de derivadas Cálculo Fácil

$D_x(x^n) = nx^{n-1}$	$D_x(\operatorname{sen}^{-1}x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$
$D_x(u+v) = D_x(u) + D_x(v)$	$D_x(\operatorname{cos}^{-1}x) = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$
$D_x(u.v) = u.D_x(v) + D_x(u).v$	$D_x(\operatorname{tan}^{-1}x) = \frac{1}{1+x^2}$
$D_x\left(\frac{u}{v}\right) = \frac{D_x(u).v - u.D_x(v)}{v^2}$	$D_x(\operatorname{cot}^{-1}x) = \frac{-1}{1+x^2}$
$D_x(e^x) = e^x$	$D_x(\sec^{-1}x) = \frac{1}{x\sqrt{x^2-1}}$
$D_x(a^x) = a^x \ln a$	$D_x(\csc^{-1}x) = \frac{-1}{x\sqrt{x^2-1}}$
$D_x(\ln x) = \frac{1}{x}$	$D_x(\operatorname{senh}x) = \operatorname{cosh}x$
$D_x(\operatorname{sen}x) = \operatorname{cos}x$	$D_x(\operatorname{cosh}x) = \operatorname{senh}x$
$D_x(\operatorname{cos}x) = -\operatorname{sen}x$	$D_x(\operatorname{tanh}x) = \operatorname{sech}^2x$
$D_x(\operatorname{tan}x) = \operatorname{sec}^2x$	$D_x(\operatorname{coth}x) = -\operatorname{csch}^2x$
$D_x(\operatorname{cot}x) = -\operatorname{csc}^2x$	$D_x(\operatorname{sech}x) = -\operatorname{sech}x \cdot \operatorname{tanh}x$
$D_x(\operatorname{sec}x) = \operatorname{sec}x \cdot \operatorname{tan}x$	$D_x(\operatorname{csch}x) = -\operatorname{csch}x \cdot \operatorname{coth}x$
$D_x(\operatorname{csc}x) = -\operatorname{csc}x \cdot \operatorname{cot}x$	